Psychology Course Descriptions

PSYC 111: Introduction to Psychology (3)
Prerequisite: None
This course provides the student with scientific terminology, theory, and fundamentals necessary to understand those forces which direct the behavior of human beings in their environment.

PSYC 205: Addiction Studies I (3)
Prerequisite: None
This course is a study of the history of use and abuse of legal and illegal drugs and the disease concept of addiction, its etiology, and complications.

PSYC 206: Addiction Studies II (3)
Prerequisite: PSYC 205 Addiction Studies I
This course is a study of the treatment of chemical addiction including the American Indian cultural aspects of treatment. The family illness concept and prevention education is explored.

PSYC 230: Educational Psychology (3)
Prerequisite: PSYC 111 Introduction to Psychology
This course emphasizes principles of child development, learning theory, classroom management, and effective teaching through lectures, class discussion, research review groups, and field experiences.

PSYC 250: Developmental Psychology (3)
Prerequisite: PSYC 111 Introduction to Psychology
This is a study of the growth and development of humans through the life span. This study utilizes Biological, psychological, social perspective of human growth processes. The course is taught with an emphasis on American Indian perspectives relating to the holistic development of humans.

PSYC 255: Child & Adolescent Psychology (3)
Prerequisite: PSYC 111 Introduction to Psychology
Adolescence has its own space on the growth and development continuum. This course explores those differences and will promote an understanding of this dynamic and complex stage of life. The student will examine the cognitive, social-emotional and physical aspects of adolescence. The course will also include a study of the psychological and developmental theories as they pertain to adolescence.
PSYC 270: Abnormal Psychology (3)
Prerequisite: PSYC 111 Introduction to Psychology
This course is an introduction to the diagnosis, etiology, and treatment of mental disorders. It includes discussion of history, theoretical approaches, classification, symptoms prevention, therapeutic intervention, and community attitudes, and programs for dealing with behavior problems.